

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The present Amendment has been prepared in accordance with a revised format established by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, as permitted in the Pre-OG Notice entitled "Amendments in a Revised Format Now Permitted."

Please amend Claims 1 and 8 as follows. In accordance with the revised amendment format, all claims are presented below.

1. (Currently Amended) A photoelectric converter comprising a photoelectric conversion element of a laminated structure comprising:  
E1  
a first electrode layer;  
an insulation layer for blocking the passage of holes and electrons;  
a photoelectric conversion semiconductor layer;  
an injection blocking layer for blocking the injection of only one of the holes or the electrons to the photoelectric conversion semiconductor layer ~~at a time~~;  
a second electrode layer; and  
a switching means for operating the photoelectric converter by switching through the following three operation modes a) through c): including a photoelectric conversion mode, an idling mode, and a refresh mode, wherein  
a) an idling mode for emitting one of the holes or the electrons from the photoelectric conversion element;  
b) a said photoelectric conversion mode for accumulating emits one of the holes or the electrons, whichever one is emitted in the idling mode, generated in accordance with an amount of incident light, ;and  
b) said idling mode emits one of the holes or the electrons,

whichever one is emitted in the photoelectric conversion mode, from the photoelectric conversion element, and

c) a said refresh mode for emitting emits the other of the holes or the electrons accumulated in from the photoelectric conversion element.

2. (Previously Amended) The photoelectric converter according to claim 1, wherein a potential difference  $V_{dg}$  obtained by subtracting the potential of the second electrode layer from the potential of the first electrode layer of the photoelectric conversion element in the idling mode is smaller than a potential difference  $V_{dg}$  obtained by subtracting the potential of the second electrode layer from the potential of the first electrode layer of the photoelectric conversion element in the photoelectric conversion mode.  
*EI*

3. (Previously Amended) The photoelectric converter according to claim 1, wherein a recess mode of the photoelectric conversion element is provided for by applying a zero electric field to each layer before the idling mode.

4-6 (Cancelled)

7. (Previously Amended) The photoelectric converter according to claim 1, wherein:

a plurality of the photoelectric conversion elements are arranged one-dimensionally or two-dimensionally,  
a switching element is connected for each of the photoelectric conversion

elements,

all the photoelectric conversion elements are divided into a plurality of n blocks,

a light signal from the photoelectric conversion elements divided into n blocks is output with a matrix signal wiring by operating the switching element for each of the blocks,

EI  
an intersection part of the matrix signal wiring comprises a lamination structure in which at least a first electrode layer, an insulating layer, a semiconductor layer and a second electrode layer are provided in this order, each corresponding to the first electrode layer, the insulating layer, the photoelectric conversion semiconductor layer, and the second electrode layer of the photoelectric conversion element.

8. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a photoelectric converter comprising a photoelectric conversion element of a laminated structure comprising:

a first electrode layer;

an insulation layer for blocking the passage of holes and electrons;

a photoelectric conversion semiconductor layer;

an injection blocking layer for blocking the injection of only one of the holes or the electrons to the photoelectric conversion semiconductor layer ~~at a time~~;

a second electrode layer; and

a switching means is provided for operating the photoelectric converter by switching through the following three operation modes a) through c): including a

photoelectric conversion mode, an idling mode, and a refresh mode, wherein

a) an idling mode for emitting one of the holes or the electrons from the photoelectric conversion element;

b) a) said photoelectric conversion mode for accumulating emits one of the holes or the electrons, whichever one is emitted in the idling mode, generated in accordance with an amount of incident light, ; and

b) said idling mode emits one of the holes or the electrons, whichever one is emitted in the photoelectric conversion mode, from the photoelectric conversion element, and

c) a said refresh mode for emitting emits the other of the holes or the electrons accumulated in from the photoelectric conversion element;

a signal processing means for processing a signal from the photoelectric converter;

a recording means for recording a signal from the signal processing means;

a display means for displaying a signal from the signal processing means;

an electric transmission means for electrically transmitting a signal from the signal processing means; and

a radiation source for generating radiation.

9. (Previously Amended) The photoelectric converter according to claim 2, wherein the potential  $V_{dg}$  is greater than zero.

10. (Previously Added) The system according to claim 8, further comprising a phosphor for converting a wavelength of radiation.

E<sup>1</sup>  
11. (Previously Added) The photoelectric converter according to Claim 1, further comprising a switching element comprising a thin film transistor having the same layer construction as the photoelectric converter.

---